- [25%] (1) Entropy: Given an alphabet *A*={*a,b,c,d*}, find the first-order entropy of the following cases: ((Sayood, pbm2, p.38))
  - [8%] (1.a) P(a)=P(b)=P(c)=P(d)=0.25.
  - [8%] (1.b) P(a)=0.5, P(b)=0.25, P(c)=0.125, P(d)=0.125.
  - [9%] (1.c) P(a)=0.505, P(b)=0.25, P(c)=0.125, P(d)=0.12.
- [25%] (2) Code: Determine whether the following codes are uniquely decodable: ((Sayood, pbm7, p.39))
  - **[6%] (2.a)** {0, 01, 11, 111}
  - [6%] (2.b) {0, 01, 110, 111}
  - [6%] (2.c) {0, 10, 110, 111}
  - [7%] (2.d) {1, 10, 110, 111}
- [50%] (3) Quantizer: We like to examine the rate-distortion performance of various quantizers. You may need to use computer programs to do the calculation and to generate the plots. ((Sayood, pbm9, p.271))
  - [10%] (3.a) Plot the rate-distortion function R(D) for a Gaussian source with zero mean and variance  $\sigma^2 = 2$ .
  - [20%] (3.b) What is the 2-level, 4-level, and 8-level pdf-optimized non-uniform quantizers for this Gaussian source in (3.a)? Specify the decision boundaries and representation levels. Assuming fixed length codewords (that is, 3 bits for 8levels), plot their (rate, distortion) pairs on the same plot of (3.a) using symbol "x". ((*Hint:* Use the table on p.256 of Sayood, or on p.32 of *Notes.*))
  - [20%] (3.c) For the 4-level and 8-level quantizers, compute their entropies and plot their (entropy, distortion) pairs on the same plot of (3.a) using symbol "o".

DUE (in class): October 13, 2011