Problem Set #8

EEEC20034 - Introduction to Digital Signal Processing

NYCU

Problem 1

Consider a causal linear time-invariant system whose system function is

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{5}z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-2})(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})}.$$

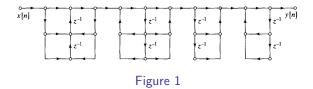
- (a) Draw the signal flow graphs for implementations of the system, in each of the following forms:
 - (i) Direct form I
 - (ii) Direct form II
 - (iii) Cascade form using first- and second-order direct form II sections
 - (iv) Parallel form using first- and second-order direct form II sections
 - (v) Transposed direct form II
- (b) Write the difference equations for the flow graph of (v) in Part (a), and show that this system has the correct system function.

Problem 2

A linear time-invariant system with system function

$$H(z) = \frac{0.2(1+z^{-1})^6}{(1-2z^{-1}+\frac{7}{8}z^{-2})(1+z^{-1}+\frac{1}{2}z^{-2})(1-\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}+z^{-2})}$$

is to be implemented using a flow graph of the form shown in Fig. 1.



- (a) Fill in all the coefficients in the diagram of Fig. 1. Is your solution unique?
- (b) Define appropriate node variables in Fig. 1, and write the set of difference equations that is represented by the flow graph.

Problem 3

The flow graph shown in Fig. 2 is noncomputable; i.e., it is not possible to compute the output using the difference equations represented by the flow graph because it contains a closed loop having no delay elements.

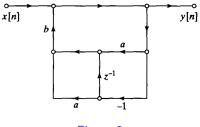


Figure 2

- (a) Write the difference equations for the system of Fig. 2, and from them, find the system function of the network.
- (b) From the system function, obtain a flow graph that is computable.